42229 Wildwood Lane Murrieta, CA 92562

- 4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c) and/or Business & Professions Code section 124.
  - 5. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:
  - (c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing.
- 6. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. VN-2008-1157.
  - 7. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
  - (a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent.
- 8. Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds Respondent is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on the relevant evidence contained in the Default Decision Evidence Packet in this matter, as well as taking official notice of all the investigatory reports, exhibits and statements contained therein on file at the Board's offices regarding the allegations contained in Accusation No. VN-2008-1157, finds that the charges and allegations in Accusation No. VN-2008-1157, are separately and severally, found to be true and correct by clear and convincing evidence.
- 9. Taking official notice of its own internal records, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3, it is hereby determined that the reasonable costs for Investigation and Enforcement is \$877.50 as of April 6, 2011.

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## **DETERMINATION OF ISSUES**

- 1. Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Jaime Teresa Gagne has subjected her Vocational Nurse License No. VN 233987 to discipline.
  - 2. The agency has jurisdiction to adjudicate this case by default.
- 3. The Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians is authorized to revoke Respondent's Vocational Nurse License based upon the following violations alleged in the Accusation which are supported by the Default Decision Investigatory Evidence Packet in this case:
- a. Respondent has subjected her license to disciplinary action under section 2878.5, subdivision (a) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that Respondent possessed methamphetamine, and a pipe used to smoke methamphetamine, on February 12, 2009.
- b. Respondent has subjected her license to disciplinary action under sections 490 and 2878, subdivision (f) of the Code in that on or about February 18, 2009, in a criminal proceeding entitled *People of the State of California v. Jaime Teresa Gagne*, in Orange County Superior Court, case number 08CM13096, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Penal Code sections 484, subdivision (a)/488, petty theft; and Penal Code section 459, burglary, misdemeanors, crimes that are substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed vocational nurse.
- c. Respondent has subjected her license to disciplinary action under section 2878, subdivision (j) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that Respondent committed acts of dishonesty when she shoplifted a dress from a department store on October 28, 2008, and she was convicted for giving false information to a police officer in violation of Penal Code section 148.9, subdivision (a) on February 17, 2009.

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# **ORDER**

IT IS SO ORDERED that Vocational Nurse License No. VN 233987, heretofore issued to Respondent Jaime Teresa Gagne, is revoked.

Pursuant to Government Code section 11520, subdivision (c), Respondent may serve a written motion requesting that the Decision be vacated and stating the grounds relied on within seven (7) days after service of the Decision on Respondent. The agency in its discretion may vacate the Decision and grant a hearing on a showing of good cause, as defined in the statute.

This Decision shall become effective on \_\_\_\_\_July 3, 2011

It is so ORDERED June 3, 2011

FOR THE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL NURSING AND PSYCHIATRIC TECHNICIANS

DOJ Matter ID: SD2010703574

Attachment:

Exhibit A: Accusation

Exhibit A

Accusation

1	KAMALA D. HARRIS		
2	Attorney General of California LINDA K. SCHNEIDER Supervising Deputy Attorney General		
3	ANTOINETTE B. CINCOTTA  Deputy Attorney General	a keep deep land	
4	State Bar No. 120482 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100	D	
5	San Diego, CA 92101 P.O. Box 85266	Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians	
6	San Diego, CA 92186-5266 Telephone: (619) 645-2095		
7	Facsimile: (619) 645-2061  Attorneys for Complainant		
8	Autorneys for Complainant		
9	BEFORE THE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL NURSING AND PSYCHIATRIC TECHNICIANS DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
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11			
12	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. VN-2008-1157	
13	JAIME TERESA GAGNE	ACCUSATION	
14	42229 Wildwood Lane Murrieta, CA 92562		
15	Vocational Nurse License No. VN 233987		
16	Respondent.		
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19	Complainant alleges:		
20	PARTIES		
21	1. Teresa Bello-Jones, J.D., M.S.N., R.N. (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in		
22	her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric		
23	Technicians, Department of Consumer Affairs.		
24	2. On or about April 28, 2008, the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric		
25	Technicians issued Vocational Nurse License Number VN 233987 to Jaime Teresa Gagne		
26	(Respondent). The Vocational Nurse License expired on June 30, 2009, and has not been		
27	renewed.		
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### JURISDICTION

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Section 2875 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may discipline the holder of a vocational nurse license for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2875) of the Vocational Nursing Practice Act.
- 5. Section 118, subdivision (b) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the expiration of a license shall not deprive the Board jurisdiction to proceed with a disciplinary action during the period within which the license may be renewed, restored, reissued or reinstated. Under section 2892.1 of the Code, the Board may renew an expired license at any time within four years after the expiration.

#### STATUTORY PROVISIONS

6. Section 482 of the Code states:

Each board under the provisions of this code shall develop criteria to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when:

- (a) Considering the denial of a license by the board under Section 480; or
- (b) Considering suspension or revocation of a license under Section 490.

Each board shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee.

- 7. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may suspend or revoke a license when it finds that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensed vocational nurse.
  - 8. Section 492 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, successful completion of any diversion program under the Penal Code, or successful completion of an alcohol and drug problem assessment program under Article 5 (commencing with section 23249.50) of Chapter 12 of Division 11 of the Vehicle Code, shall not prohibit any agency established under Division 2 ([Healing Arts] commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division, from taking disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a license for professional misconduct,

notwithstanding that evidence of that misconduct may be recorded in a record pertaining to an arrest.

This section shall not be construed to apply to any drug diversion program operated by any agency established under Division 2 (commencing with Section 500) of this code, or any initiative act referred to in that division.

## 9. Section 493 of the Code states:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny an application for a license or to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question.

As used in this section, "license" includes "certificate," "permit," "authority," and "registration."

### 10. Section 2878 of the Code states:

The Board may suspend or revoke a license issued under this chapter [the Vocational Nursing Practice Act (Bus. & Prof. Code, 2840, et seq.)] for any of the following:

(f) Conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed vocational nurse, in which event the record of the conviction shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(j) The commission of any act involving dishonesty, when that action is related to the duties and functions of the licensee.

## 11. Section 2878.5 of the Code states:

In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Vocational Nursing Practice Act] it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

(a) Obtain or possess in violation of law, or prescribe, or except as directed by a licensed physician and surgeon, dentist or podiatrist administer to himself or herself or furnish or administer to another, any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, or any dangerous drug as defined in Section 4022. . .

## REGULATORY PROVISIONS

12. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 2521, states:

For the purposes of denial, suspension, or revocation of a license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered to be substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensed vocational nurse if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensed vocational nurse to perform the functions authorized by his license in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. Such crimes or acts shall include but not be limited to those involving the following:

- (a) Procuring a license by fraud, misrepresentation, or mistake.
- (b) A conviction of practicing medicine without a license in violation of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (c) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision or term of Chapter 6.5, Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (d) Aiding or assisting, or agreeing to aid or assist any person or persons, whether a licensed physician or not, in the performance of or arranging for a violation of any of the provisions of Article 13, Chapter 5, Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
  - (e) Conviction of a crime involving fiscal dishonesty.
- (f) Any crime or act involving the sale, gift, administration, or furnishing of "narcotics or dangerous drugs or dangerous devices" as defined in Section 4022 of the Business and Professions Code.
  - 13. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 2522 states:

When considering a) the denial of a license under Section 480 of the Business and Professions Code, b) the suspension or revocation of a license on the ground that a licensee has been convicted of a crime, or c) a petition for reinstatement of a license under Section 2787.7 of the Business and Professions Code, the Board in evaluating the rehabilitation of an individual and his or her present eligibility for a license, will consider the following criteria:

- (1) Nature and severity of the act(s), offense(s), or crime(s) under consideration.
- (2) Actual or potential harm to the public.
- (3) Actual or potential harm to any patient.
- (4) Overall disciplinary record.
- (5) Overall criminal actions taken by any federal, state or local agency or court.
- (6) Prior warnings on record or prior remediation.

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pulled over to the curb abruptly. The officer activated his emergency lights to indicate he was conducting a traffic stop. As the officer made contact with Respondent, he noted there was a male in the passenger seat. Respondent stated she had lost her driver's license, and she did not have any registration or insurance information because it was her sister's car. As the officer shined his flashlight in the vehicle's interior, he observed Respondent pushing her skirt between her legs as though to conceal something. The vehicle's license plate showed Respondent as one of the registered owners. Respondent told the officer her name was "L\*\*\*\* Gagne" and insisted the vehicle belonged to her sister. Respondent blamed the officer for her lane straddling stating that the officer approached from behind so rapidly, she was scared. While standing at the passenger door, the officer noted a chemical odor coming from the interior; the odor was consistent with controlled substances being smoked inside the vehicle. Respondent and her passenger were directed to exit the vehicle and sit on the curb. The officer saw in plain sight on the seat where the passenger had been sitting a torn piece of baggie which appeared to be melted on one end. Next to the baggie was a small screwdriver typically used to scrape the interior portions of pipes used to smoke controlled substances. Respondent refused to give the officer permission to search her vehicle. Having probable cause, the officer started looking through the vehicle. Respondent became irate and adamantly denied she was a drug user. Inside the center console the officer located a glass methamphetamine pipe. Both Respondent and her passenger denied ownership of the pipe. Also located was a social security card and a paycheck stub with Respondent's name on it. Respondent continued to tell the officer that it was her sister's vehicle and that the property did not belong to her. A records check on Respondent's name revealed that she had an outstanding warrant for burglary. Respondent finally confessed to the officer and gave her true name and claimed the warrant was for petty theft only. Respondent was arrested on her warrant and for possession of controlled substance paraphernalia, (Health & Saf. Code; § 11364), and giving false information to a police officer (Pen. Code, § 148.9(b)). During booking at the Costa Mesa Police Department Jail, Respondent denied that she was hiding drugs on her person. A search revealed that Respondent had concealed a 1" x 1" pink coin baggie in her bra that contained a small, useable quantity of what tested positive for methamphetamine. The officer

added possession of a controlled substance (Health & Saf. Code, § 11377(a)) to Respondent's charges. During a police interview with Respondent, she admitted the methamphetamine pipe belonged to her.

- 18. As a result of the above arrest, on or about February 17, 2009, in the matter of *People of the State of California vs. Jaime Teresa Gagne*, in Orange County Superior Court, case number 09HF0259, Respondent pled guilty to possession of a controlled substance in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11377, subdivision (a), a felony (Count 1); and giving false information to a police officer in violation of Penal Code section 148.9, subdivision (a), a misdemeanor (Count 3). The possession of controlled substance paraphernalia, in violation of Health and Safety Code section 11364 (Count 2), was dismissed pursuant to a plea agreement.
- 19. The court deferred entry of judgment on Count 1 and Respondent was ordered to enroll in a drug treatment program pursuant to Penal Code section 1000. As to Count 3, Respondent was ordered to spend three days in the county jail with credit for 3 days. On or about April 9, 2009, a hearing was held in order for Respondent to provide proof she had enrolled in a drug treatment program. Respondent failed to appear. Respondent's Penal Code section 1000 proceedings were terminated and a warrant was issued for her arrest. At a hearing on or about January 4, 2010, Respondent was remanded to the custody of the sheriff.
- 20. At a hearing on January 19, 2010, the court reinstated Penal Code section 1000 and Respondent was permitted to re-enroll in a drug program. On August 2, 2010, Respondent provided proof of completion from a drug treatment program.

# SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (February 18, 2009 Criminal Conviction for Burglary & Petty Theft on October 28, 2008)

- 21. Respondent has subjected her license to disciplinary action under sections 490 and 2878, subdivision (f) of the Code in that Respondent was convicted of a crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed vocational nurse. The circumstances are as follows:
- a. On or about February 18, 2009, in a criminal proceeding entitled *People of the State of California v. Jaime Teresa Gagne*, in Orange County Superior Court, case number

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08CM13096, Respondent was convicted on her plea of guilty of violating Penal Code sections 484, subdivision (a)/488, petty theft; and Penal Code section 459, burglary, misdemeanors.

- b. As a result of the conviction, on or about February 18, 2009, Respondent was sentenced to three years informal probation, and ordered to serve nine days in the Orange County Jail, with credit for nine days. Respondent was further ordered to pay \$150 in fees, fines, and restitution, and abide by the terms of probation. Sentencing was stayed on the petty theft conviction.
- The facts that led to the conviction were that on or about the afternoon of October 28, 2008, Respondent entered a Santa Ana Nordstrom's store. She was observed by the store's loss prevention agents behaving in a furtive manner, moving from department to department, selecting clothing from the racks and giving the items to a sales associate to reserve a fitting room. Respondent entered the fitting room stall with a total of 14 items. Two loss prevention agents had been alerted and were inside the fitting room area to maintain observation. Respondent eventually left the fitting room with numerous items in her hand. She requested a sales associate place the items on hold for her. A loss prevention agent entered the stall where Respondent had been and discovered a dress tied at the bottom behind a mirror. Concealed within the dress were numerous items of old, worn clothing. The agents observed Respondent enter the women's restroom. After Respondent left the restroom, they found a defeated store security sensor inside the toilet stall. Respondent passed by several open and manned registers and made no attempt to pay for the merchandise she had concealed on her person. Respondent was apprehended outside the store and taken to the security office without incident. A dress worth \$344 was recovered from Respondent's purse. Respondent stated to the loss prevention agents that her family was being threatened by a woman who was forcing Respondent to steal merchandise in order to obtain a cash refund. Respondent said she was told by the woman that if she successfully stole merchandise and obtained a refund, the woman would stop threatening Respondent's family. The Santa Ana Police Department was notified and officers took Respondent into custody. Respondent admitted to the police officers that she had made up the story about being forced to steal; she entered Nordstrom's with the intent to shoplift the dress.

# THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Commission of Acts Involving Dishonesty)

22. Respondent has subjected her license to disciplinary action under section 2878, subdivision (j) of the Code for unprofessional conduct in that on October 28, 2008, Respondent committed an act of dishonesty as detailed in paragraph 21, above. Further, on February 17, 2009, Respondent was convicted for giving false information to a police officer in violation of Penal Code section 148.9, subdivision (a), and more fully described in paragraphs 17-18, above.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Vocational Nurse License Number VN 233987, issued to Jaime Teresa Gagne;
- 2. Ordering Jaime Teresa Gagne to pay the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
  - 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED: March 10, 2011.

TERESA BELLO-JONES, J.O., M.S.N., R.N.

Executive Officer

Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California Complainant

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